

You died, Jesus, but the source of life gushed forth for souls and the ocean of mercy opened up for the

O Fountain of Life, unfathomable Divine Mercy, envelop the whole world and empty Yourself out upon us.

O Blood and Water, which gushed forth from the Heart of Jesus as a fountain of mercy for us, I trust in You.

Holy God, Holy Mighty One, Holy Immortal One, ve mercy on us and c whole world. (3 tim

JESUS, King of mercy, I trust in You!



"Eternal Father, I offer Thee the Most precious Blood of Thy Divine Son, Jesus in union with the Masses said throughout the world today, for all the holy Souls in Purgatory, for sinners everywhere, for sinners in the Universal Church, those in my own home and within my family. Amen."

St. Gertrude the Great was born in Germany in 1263. She was a Benedictine Nun, and meditated on the Passion of Christ, which many times brought floods of tears to her eyes. She did many penances, and Our Lady appeared to her many times. Her holy Soul passed away in 1334: November 16th is her St. Gertrude the Great was



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Abortion isn't a lesser evil, it's a crime. Taking one life to save another, that's what the Mafia does. It's a crime. It's an absolute evil. **Pope Francis.** 

#### We dedicate this website to the Generous Heart of Mother Mary



Daily CCC, Mass Readings, Daily Saints...

Eighth Tuesday in Ordinary Time, March 4, 2025, Volume 186.

Today's Bible Readings

**Latin Rite** 1st Reading: Sirach 35:1-12 Responsorial Psalm:

Gospel: Mark 10:17-27

23

1<sup>st</sup> Reading: Gen 1:20-2:7 2nd Reading: Psalm 50:5-6, 7-8, 14, Josh 1:16-18 3rd Reading: Rom 2:1-6

Gospel: Mt 5:38-42

Syro-Malabar Rite

Syro-Malankara Rite Readings:

Gen 1:6-8; Eph 5:13-21: Mt 6:1-4

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# Catechism of the Catholic Church SECTION TWO I. THE CREEDS

CHAPTER TWOI BELIEVE IN JESUS CHRIST, THE ONLY SON OF GOD Article 4

"IFSUS CHRIST SUFFERED UNDER PONTIUS PILATE, WAS CRUCIFIED, DIED AND WAS BURIED"

571 The Paschal mystery of Christ's cross and Resurrection stands at the centre of the Good News that the apostles, and the Church following them, are to proclaim to the world. God's saving plan was accomplished "once for all"313 by the redemptive death of his Son Jesus Christ.572 The Church remains faithful to the interpretation of "all the Scriptures" that Jesus gave both before and after his Passover: "Was it not necessary that the Christ should suffer these things and enter into his glory?"314 Jesus' sufferings took their historical, concrete form from the fact that he was "rejected by the elders and the chief priests and the scribes", who handed "him to the Gentiles to be mocked and scourged and crucified".315573 Faith can therefore try to examine the circumstances of Jesus' death, faithfully handed on by the Gospels316 and illuminated by other historical sources, the better to understand the meaning of the Redemption.

313 Heb 9:26. 314 Lk 24:26-27, 44-45. 315 Mk 8:31; Mt 20:19. 316 Cf. DV 19.

## 1<sup>st</sup> Reading: Sirach 17:20-24

To keep the law is a great oblation, and he who observes the commandments sacrifices a peace offering. In works of charity one offers fine flour, and when he gives alms he presents his sacrifice of praise. To refrain from evil pleases the LORD, and to avoid injustice is an atonement. Appear not before the LORD empty-handed, for all that you offer is in fulfillment of the precepts. The just one's offering enriches the altar and rises as a sweet odor before the Most High. The just one's sacrifice is most pleasing, nor will it ever be forgotten. In a generous spirit pay homage to the LORD, be not sparing of freewill gifts. With each contribution show a cheerful countenance, and pay your tithes in a spirit of joy. Give to the Most High as he has given to you, generously, according to your means. For the LORD is one who always repays, and he will give back to you sevenfold. But offer no bribes, these he does not accept! Trust not in sacrifice of the fruits of extortion. For he is a God of justice, who knows no favorites.

# Responsorial Psalm: Psalm 50:5-6, 7-8, 14, 23 R. (23b) To the upright I will show the saving power of God.

"Gather my faithful ones before me, those who have made a covenant with me by sacrifice." And the heavens proclaim his justice; for God himself is the judge.

R. To the upright I will show the saving power of God.

"Hear, my people, and I will speak; Israel, I will testify against you; God, your God, am I. Not for your sacrifices do I rebuke you, for your bumt offerings are before me always."

R. To the upright I will show the saving power of God.
"Offer to God praise as your sacrifice and fulfill your vows to the Most High. He that offers praise as a sacrifice glorifies me; and to him that goes the right way I will show the salvation of God."

R. To the upright I will show the saving power of God.

R. Alleluia, alleluia. Blessed are you, Father, Lord of heaven and earth; you have revealed to little ones the mysteries of the Kingdom. R. Alleluia, alleluia.

#### Gospel: Mark 10:28-31

Peter began to say to Jesus, 'We have given up everything and followed you." Jesus said, "Amen, I say to you, there is no one who has given up house or brothers or sisters or mother or father or children or lands for my sake and for the sake of the Gospel who will not receive a hundred times more now in this present age: houses and brothers and sisters and mothers and children and lands, with persecutions, and eternal life in the age to come. But many that are first will be last, and the last will be first."

#### The Bible in one year: March

add them into our website.

About Us
Mission of Jesus, is a Non
profitable, service oriented
website, This site belongs to
each and every Christian who
view this website. This is our
24<sup>th</sup> Year of Service on the
Web.

This site is been developed with the help of many of the Christian Brothers around the

01 Lev 6ñ7, Isa 61ñ62, Mark 6:24ñ45, Ps 31:titleñ4 02 Lev 8, Isa 63, Mark 6:46ñ7:11. Ps 31:5ñ11 03 Lev 9ñ10, Isa 64, Mark 7:12ñ37, Ps 31:12ñ18 04 Lev 11ñ12, Isa 65, Mark 8:1ñ17, Ps 31:19ñ24 05 Lev 13, Isa 66, Mark 8:18ñ38, Ps 32:titleñ7 06 Lev 14, Jer 1, Mark 9:1ñ23, 06 Lev 14, Jer 1, Mark 9: 1ñ2 Ps 32:8ñ11 07 Lev 15, Jer 2:1ñ19, Mark 9:24ñ50, Ps 33: 1ñ10 08 Lev 16ñ17, Jer 2:20ñ37, Mark 10:1ñ17, Ps 33:11ñ17 09 Lev 18, Jer 3, Mark 10:18ñ38, Ps 33:18ñ22 10 Lev 19ñ20, Jer 4:1ñ17, Mark 10: 39ñ52, Ps 34:titleñ8 11 Lev 21ñ22, Jer 4:18ñ31, Mark 11, Ps 34:9ñ15 12 Lev 23, Jer 5, Mark 12:1ñ19, Ps 34:16ñ22 13 Lev 24, Jer 6:1ñ16, Mark 12:20ñ44, Ps 35:titleñ6 14 Lev 25, Jer 6:17ñ30, Mark 13:1ñ18, Ps 35:7ñ13 15 Lev 26ñ27, Jer 7, Mark 13: 19ñ37, Ps 35:14ñ20 16 Num 1, Jer 8, Mark 14:1ñ25, Ps 35:21ñ28 17 Num 2, Jer 9:1ñ10, Mark 14:26ñ47, Ps 36:titleñ6 18 Num 3, Jer 9:11ñ26, Mark 14: 48ñ72, Ps 36:7ñ12 19 Num 4, Jer 10, Mark 15: 1ñ18, Ps 37: titleñ7 20 Num 5, Jer 11, Mark 15: 19ñ47, Ps 37:8ñ14 21 Num 6:1ñ7:26, Jer 12, Mark 16, Ps 37:15ñ21 22 Num 7:27ñ89, Jer 13, Luke 1:1ñ17, Ps 37:22ñ28 23 Num 8, Jer 14, Luke 1:18ñ39, Ps 37:29ñ35 24 Num 9ñ10, Jer 15, Luke 1:40ñ60, Ps 37:36ñ40 25 Num 11ñ12, Jer 16, Luke 1:61ñ80, Ps 38: titleñ8 26 Num 13, Jer 17: 1ñ10, Luke 2:1ñ24, Ps 38:9ñ15 27 Num 14, Jer 17: 11ñ27, Luke 2:25ñ52, Ps 38: 16ñ22 28 Num 15, Jer 18, Luke 3:1ñ16, Ps 39:titleñ6 29 Num 16ñ17, Jer 19, Luke 3:17ñ38, Ps 39:7ñ13 30 Num 18ñ19, Jer 20, Luke 4:1ñ21, Ps 40:titleñ6 31 Num 20ñ21, Jer 21: 1ñ22:14, Luke 4:22ñ44, Ps 40:7ñ13 -----

#### Resources

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#### Saint Casimir of Poland

Also known as Casimir of Cracow, Kazimieras, Kazimierz, Kazimir

Fifteenth century Polish prince, the younger son of King Casimir IV of Poland and Elizabeth of Austria. Grand Duke of Lithuania in 1471; third in line for the throne. Lived a highly disciplined, even severe life, sleeping on the ground, spending a great part of the night in prayer, dedicating himself to lifelong celibacy. He had a great devotion to Mary, supported the poor, and lived a virtuous life amid the dissolute court. Hungarian nobles prevailed upon Casimir's father to send his 15-year-old son to be their king; Casimir obeyed, taking the crown, but refusing to exercise power. His army was outnumbered, his troops deserting because they were not paid. Casimir returned home, and was a conscientious objector from that time on. He returned to prayer and study, maintained his decision to remain celibate even under pressure to marry the emperor's daughter. Reigned briefly as king during his father's absence.

Born: 3 October 1458 in Wawel, Kraków, Poland

**Died:** 4 March 1484 at Grondo, Grand Duchy of Lithuania (in modern Belarus) of tuberculosis, buried in the Chapel of Saint Casimir, cathedral of Vilnius, Lithuania

Canonized: 1522 by Pope Adrian VI, 1602 by Pope Clement VIII

**Patronage:** against plague, bachelors, kings, princes, single laymen, Lithuania (proclaimed by Pope Urban VIII in 1636, Poland, Grodno, Belarus.

# Saint Adrian of Nicomedia

Also known as Hadrian



Additional Memorial 8 September (translation of relics), 26 August (Greek calendar)

Pagan officer and body guard at the imperial court of Nicomedia. Adrian was so impressed by the strength and faith shown by persecuted Christians that he declared himself a Christian, though he had not even been baptized. He was immediately arrested and tortured. He and fellow prisoners were tended by his wife, Saint Natalia until they were executed.

**Died:** thrown to a lion, which refused to touch him, legs broken with an anvil, and then hacked to pieces with a sword on 4 March 304, body burned, but when a storm extinguished the fire his wife salvaged his dismembered hand as a relic, and took it to Argyropolis near Constantinople, other relics at Grammont (Geertsbergen), Belgium

**Patronage:** against epilepsy, against plague, epileptics, arms dealers, arms manufacturers, butchers, Flemish brewers, prison guards, soldiers, Germany, Flanders, Belgium, Metalica, Italy.

#### Saint Peter of Pappacarbone

Also known as Peter of Cava, Peter of La Cava, Peter I of Cava



Born to the Salerno nobility; relative of Saint Alferius of La Cava. Benedictine monk at Cava, Italy while still a young man; his abbot was Saint Leo of La Cava. Lived for a while as a hermit, and then was assigned to Cluny Abbey from 1062 to 1068. Bishop of Policastro, Italy in 1079; after two years of service, he resigned the see and returned to Cava where he served as co-adjutor abbot with Saint Leo. He was chosen abbot and tried to introduce the Cluniac reform, but was so strict that he caused strife in the house. He withdrew from office for a while, and even formed a house in the Cilento region of Italy. However, he was later recalled to La Cava and served decades as abbot with a much more fatherly attitude. During his time he brought in over 3,000 monks who then went out to found other houses and spread the Faith.

**Born:** in Salerno, Italy **Died:** 1123 of natural causes

Canonized: 1893 by Pope Leo XIII (cultus confirmed)

Patronage: Policastro, Italy.



