

	sentence of being thrown into prison and given a costly fine as well.	 and earth; you have revealed to little ones the mysteries of the Kingdom. 	09 Job 4–5, Zech 5, Eph 4:1–20, Ps 115:1–7 10 Job 6–7, Zech 6–7, Eph 4:21 –32, Ps 115:8–14
	Jesus will set us free and fill us with the Holy Spirit		11 Job 8–9, Zech 8, Eph 5, Ps 115:15–18 12 Job 10–11, Zech 9, Eph 6, Ps 116:1–10
Abortion isn't a lesser evil it's a crime. Taking one life to save another, that's what the Mafia does. It's a crime. It's an absolute evi Pope Francis	thinking, acting, and speaking. If we give our lives over to him he will fill us with his Holy Spirit and give us a new heart and a transformed mind that is filled with his truth	 "When you see a cloud rising in the west you say immediately that it is going to rain-and so it does; and when you notice that the wind is blowing from the south you say that it is going to be hot-and so it is going to be hot-and	13 Job 12–13, Zech 10, Phil 1:1 –18, Ps 116:11–19 14 Job 14–15, Zech 11, Phil 1:19–30, Ps 117 15 Job 16–17, Zech 12–13, Phil 2, Ps 118:1–10 16 Job 18–19, Zech 14, Phil 3, Ps 118:11–17 17 Job 20, Mal 1–2, Phil 4, Ps 118:18–24 18 Job 21–22, Mal 3, Col 1, Ps 118:25–29
Visit <u>Our Website</u> <u>www.missionofjesus.com</u>	love, and goodness. If you want lasting peace and joy with God then allow the Lord Jesus to transform every area of your life, your home, you work, your relationships, and possessions so that he may truly be the Lord and Give	You know how to interpret the appearance of the earth and the sky; why do you not know how to interpret the present time? "Why do you not judge for yourselves what is right?	19 Job 23–25, Mal 4, Col 2, Ps 119:1–10 20 Job 26–27, 1 Macc 1:1–28, Col 3:1–14, Ps 119:11–17 21 Job 28–29, 1 Macc 1:29–48, Col 3:15–4:18, Ps 119:18–24 22 Job 30–31, 1 Macc 1:49–64, 1 Thess 1, Ps 119:25–31 23 Job 32, 1 Macc 2:1–25, 1 Thess 2–3, Ps 119:32–38
<u>Face book</u> <u>Mission of Jesus</u>	of abundant life and righteousness. Are you ready to surrender all to him - and to receive all from him?	 If you are to go with your opponent before a magistrate, make an effort to settle the matter on the way; 	24 Job 33–34, 1 Macc 2:26–45, 1 Thess 4, Ps 119:39–45 25 Job 35–36, 1 Macc 2:46–70, 1 Thess 5, Ps 119:46–52
WhatsApp group Mission Prayer (+918281778684) Prayer requests to Email:	Lord Jesus, flood my heart with your love and free me from all that would keep me from doing your will. Transform my mine that I may discern what is right and choose what is good and pleasing to you.	and the judge hand you over to the constable,	26 Job 37, 1 Macc 3:1–15, 2 Thess 1, Ps 119:53–59 27 Job 38–39, 1 Macc 3:16–35, 2 Thess 2, Ps 119:60–66 28 Job 40, 1 Macc 3:36–60, 2 Thess 3, Ps 119:67–73 30 Prov 1–2, 1 Macc 4:17–36, 1 Tim 3, Ps 119:81–87 31 Prov 3–4, 1 Macc 4:37–61, 1 Tim 4, Ps 119:88–94
mojcounselor@gmail.com			
Today's Saints	lobp of Canistrano		
St. John of Capistrano St. John of Capistrano John Shi Iist me Shi Iist me Shi Iist me Shi Iist Me Shi Shi Shi Shi Shi Shi Shi Shi Shi Shi	day's saint, like Saints Francis of Assisi, Maximilian Kolbe, J hers, imprisonment changed John of Capistrano forever. Bei d had given him and how sad it was to waste it on frivoli ayor of the major Italian city of Perugia. He was bright, en- s not, then, an escape hatch from real life or the last exit of ocking display of humility after giving his life to Christ, John of his worst sins. People ridiculed him and pelted him wit ponastery to seek admission. He was immediately accepted. A an's well of humility had no bottom, and his physical auster le throughout his life. He was a protégé of the great Sair eacher and traveled throughout Central and Northern Europ anciscans of his generation, made it appear as if they were anciscan poverty. John's radical poverty and other reformin anciscan into three distinct Orders. eady famous in his mid-sixties as a theologian, preacher, a Hungary and the Bohemian peoples of Central Europe. Jo 15. This searing event had caused his followers, known as cursor to the Protestant movement that engulfed Norther her convert the Hussites or to subjugate them.	ing confined to the four walls of a prison made him realize ties. John had studied law before he was captured in bat ergetic, and successful. Life was his oyster. John's mature in a dead-end road. He had silver in his hands but dropped in mounted a donkey backwards and rode through the stree h mud and dung. In this forlorn state, he presented hims After studies, he was ordained a priest in 1421. rities never ceased. He continually mortified himself. He fan the Bernardino of Siena, a fellow Franciscan. Like Bernardi be drawing vast crowds. John lived poverty so totally that he the measure for Christ's poverty, instead of Christ being ti g efforts were also the beginning of the divisions that wor and inquisitor, John was appointed by the Pope to lead a te hn Hus, a Bohemian priest, had been burned at the stak Hussites, to increasingly separate themselves from the C in Europe one hundred years after Hus' death. The Pope	how precious was the life that title and had even become the deci sion to enter religious life that to stretch for the gold. In a ets of his town wearing only a elf at the door of a Franciscan ested , went barefoot, and slept ino, John became a renowned he, along with other reforming he e xample and inspiration for uld ev entually cleave the body eam of Franciscan missionaries e by the Church for heresy in hurch. Hussite theology was a wanted John o f Capistrano to

display the tact such a delicate mission required. After the shocking fall of Constantinople to the Ottoman Turks in 1453, John led a preaching crusade to unify a Christian response to the threat of impending Muslim expansion. At the age of seventy, Saint John personally led troops in a successful battle to defend Belgrade from the Turks, but he died soon afterward. Over two centuries after his death, John and his melodic last name of Capistrano were immortalized by his Franciscan brothers when they named a large mission in Southern California in his honor. The Mission of San Juan Capistrano, although ruined by earthquakes, is a much visited stop on the famous chain of missions that wind up and down the spine of California. This soldier-priest and tireless reformer and preacher was canonized in 1724.

Saint John of Capistrano, we ask your intercession to embolden all preachers to present the truths of Catholicism in all their fullness and vigor, and to buttress that preaching by an impeccable life of virtue and apostolic activity.

BI. Arnold Reche	Bl. Arnold Reche
0	Son of Claude and Anne Flausset Reche, a poor family in a small village. His father was extremely religious shoemaker, his mother given to fits of depression over their impoverished condition, and Nicholas was one of nine children. He grew up with strong religious values and a fear of sin. Considered the only serious student in his cathechism class, he taught catechism to the younger children. However, when he moved to the Charlesville as a young adult, he began drifting to a more secular life.
	He worked as a coachman for a wealthy family, and a mule driver for a contractor building a local church. His aunt, who lived nearby, convinced him to make some changes in his life; Nicholas began to attend classes conducted by the Brothers of the Christian Schools, and returned to a life of active and intense prayer. He joined the LaSalle Brothers in 1862 at age 28, taking the name Brother Arnold, and making his final vows in 1871.
	He worked as a medic, treating the wounded in the trenches during the Franco-Prussian War, and was awarded the bronze cross for his work. Taught at the Brothers boarding school at Rheims, France; noted as a mediocre teacher of classroom topics, but an outstanding teacher of Christian doctrine. Novice director for the congregation in 1877, a move that got him out of the class rooms where he felt he was a failure. Director general of the house at Courlancy from March 1890 till his death a few months later.
	Born: 2 September 1838 at Landroff, Lorraine, France as Nicholas-Jules Reche
	Died: • 23 October 1890 following a cerebral hemorrhage• buried in the public cemetery at Rheims, France• grave known as a site of miracles
	Beatified: 1 November 1987 by Pope John Paul II
Saint Ignatius of	St. Ignatius of Constantinople
Constantinople	Son of the Byzantine emperor Michael I. Imprisoned for political reasons in a monastery in 813 by Leo the Armenian; there he learned about and entered the religious life, taking the name Ignatius.
ARE	Monk. Priest. Abbot. Patriach of Constantinople in 842. Fought corruption in civil and religious life, even in the highest offices; refused communion to Bardas Caesar due to his acts of incest. Because of his high standards, Ignatius was exiled from 858 to 867, but eventually returned in triumph.
います	Born: c.799 in Constantinople as Nicetas
	Died: • 23 October 877 of natural causes• relics in the church of Saint Michael, Constantinople

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