

	get into some country because they don't		the design of his heart, through all	Rom 2, Ps 92:4–10
	have the right visa or a valid passport.	îۍ ۲	generations. R. The earth is full of the goodness of the	11 1 Chron 13–15, Dan 4, Rom
		Ý	R. The earth is full of the goodness of the Lord.	3:1–14, Ps 92:11–15 12 1 Chron 16, Dan 5:1–14,
	The consequences of being unprepared to)		Rom 3:15–31, Ps 93:1–94:5
	meet the Lord		Alleluia LUKE 21:36	13 1 Chron 17–18, Dan 5:15–
			R. Alleluia, alleluia.	31, Rom 4, Ps 94:6–12 14 1 Chron 19–21, Dan 6, Rom
AN A	Jesus warns us that there are	•	Be vigilant at all times and pray,	5, Ps 94:13–19
entre la	consequences for being unprepared. There		that you may have the strength to stand before the Son of Man.	15 1 Chron 22–23, Dan 7:1–15,
	are certain things you cannot obtain at the		R. Alleluia, alleluia.	Rom 6, Ps 94:20–23
Abortion isn't a lesser evil	last moment. For example, students cannot			16 1 Chron 24, Dan 7:16–28, Rom 7, Ps 95
it's a crime. Taking one life	prepare for their exams when the day of		.Gospel MT 25:1-13	17 1 Chron 25–26, Dan 8, Rom
to save another, that's what the Mafia does. It's a				8:1–20, Ps 96:1–6
crime. It's an absolute evil	cannot get the right kind of character,		Jesus told his disciples this parable:	18 1 Chron 27, Dan 9, Rom 8:21 -39, Ps 96:7-13
	strength, and skill required for a task at		"The Kingdom of heaven will be like ten virgins who took their lamps and went out to	19 1 Chron 28–29, Dan 10, Rom
Pope Francis	hand unless they already possess it, such		meet the bridegroom.	9, Ps 97:1–7
	as a captain with courage and nautical	I.	Five of them were foolish and five were wise.	20 2 Chron 1–3, Dan 11:1–13,
	skills who must steer a ship through a	រដូ		Rom 10, Ps 97:8–12 21 2 Chron 4–5, Dan 11:14–33,
Visit	dangerous storm at sea.	Ŷ	brought no oil with them,	Rom 11:1–14, Ps 98
	-		but the wise brought flasks of oil with their	22 2 Chron 6–7, Dan 11:34–
<u>Our Website</u>	When the Lord Jesus comes to lead you to)	lamps. Since the bridegroom was long	12:13, Rom 11:15–36, Ps 99 23 2 Chron 8–9, Dan 13:1–15,
www.missionofjesus.com	his heavenly banquet will you be ready to		delayed, they all became drowsy and fell asleep. At midnight, there was a cry,	25 2 Childi 8–9, Dail 15.1–15, Rom 12, Ps 100
	hear his voice and follow? Our eternal		'Behold, the bridegroom! Come out to meet	24 2 Chron 10–11, Dan 13:16–
	welfare depends on our hearing, and many		him!' Then all those virgins got up and	36, Rom 13, Ps 101:title-4
	have trained themselves to not hear. We will		trimmed their lamps.	25 2 Chron 12–14, Dan 13:37– 64, Rom 14, Ps 101:5–8
<u>Face book</u>	not be prepared to meet the Lord, face to		The foolish ones said to the wise,	26 2 Chron 15–17, Dan 14:1–
Mission of Jesus	face, when he calls us on the day of		'Give us some of your oil,	12, Rom 15, Ps 102:title-9
	judgment, unless we listen to him today.		for our lamps are going out.' But the wise ones replied,	27 2 Chron 18–19, Dan 14:13– 42 Pom 16 Ps 102:10, 16
	The Lord invites us to feast at his heavenly		'No, for there may not be enough for us and	42, Rom 16, Ps 102:10–16 28 2 Chron 20, Hos 1, 1 Cor 1:1
WhatsApp group	banquet table. Are you ready?		you. Go instead to the merchants and buy	-13, Ps 102:17-23
Mission Prayer			some for yourselves.'	29 2 Chron 21–23, Hos 2, 1 Cor
(+918281778684)	Lord Jesus, make me vigilant and attentive	•	While they went off to buy it, the bridegroom	1:14–31, Ps 102:24–28 30 2 Chron 24–25, Hos 3–4, 1
	to your voice that I may heed your call at all		came and those who were ready went into the	Cor 2, Ps 103:title–9
Prayer requests to	times. May I find joy in your presence and	1 <u>ඇ</u>	wedding feast with him. Then the door was	31 2 Chron 26–27, Hos 5, 1 Cor
	delight in doing your will.	Ŷ	said, 'Lord, Lord, open the door for us!'	3, Ps 103:10–16
Email: mojcounselor@gmail.com			But he said in reply,	
mojeounselor@ymail.com			'Amen, I say to you, I do not know you.'	1
			Therefore, stay awake,	10
			for you know neither the day nor the hour."	
				A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL
				1 4 4 4 K
Today's Saints	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·)	t	ALL PARTY
Today's Saints	. Augustine of Hippo			
St. Augustine of				
Hinno So	n of a pagan father who converted on his death bed, and of d life. Lived with a Carthaginian woman from the age of 15			
Tai	ught rhetoric at Carthage and Milan, Italy. After investigati	ing	and experimenting with several philosophies, he bec	ame a Manichaean for severa
	ars; it taught of a great struggle between good and evil, ar			ng at the time comes from his
Co	nfessions: "God, give me chastity and continence - but not ju	ust	L HOW.	
	gustine finally broke with the Manichaeans and was convert	ted	by the prayers of his mother and the help of Saint Λ	mbrose of Milan, who hantizod
hir		ieu	a by the prayers of his mother and the help of Sallit A	norose or millan, who paptized
	the death of his mother he returned to Africa, sold his prop	per	ty, gave the proceeds to the poor, and founded a mon	astery. Monk. Priest. Preacher
Bis	hop of Hippo in 396. Founded religious communities. F			
and the second second				

ought Manichaeism, Donatism, Pelagianism and other heresies. Oversaw his church and his see during the fall of the Roman Empire to the Vandals. Doctor of the Church. His later thinking can also be summed up in a line from his writings: Our hearts were made for You, O Lord, and they are restless until they rest in you.

Born: 13 November 354 at Tagaste, Numidia, North Africa (Souk-Ahras, Algeria) as Aurelius Augustinus

Died: 28 August 430 at Hippo, North Africa

Patronage: • against sore eyes• against vermin• brewers• printers• theologians• 7 dioceses• 7 cities

St. Edmund Arrowsmith



St. Edmund Arrowsmith

Son of the farmer Robert Arrowsmith and Margery Gerard Arrowsmith. His rebel parents refused to attend Protestant services, harbored priests in their home, and at one point were arrested for their actions, and dragged away in the night, leaving the child Edmund alone. Entered Douai College in 1605; he was forced to quit due to ill health. Ordained in France in 1611. Worked among beleaguered English Catholics in Lancashire for 15 years. Even in those oppressive times he was known for his pleasant disposition, sincerity, and energy.

Queen Elizabeth's governors and hierarchy lived on confiscated Catholic property, so public distrust of priests as agents of Catholic Spain working for a Spanish invasion, worked to their advantage, keeping the population in a constant state of paranoia, dependant on an intrusive government. To keep all this in place, Elizabeth had her own Inquisition. Edmund was arrested in 1622 for his faith, and spent his prison time arguing theology with the



local Protestant bishop.

Edmund was unexpectedly freed by a pardon issued by King James I. After making the Spiritual Exercises, Edmund entered the Jesuits in 1623, and returned to Lancashire for the remaining five years of his life. Betrayed by the son of the landlord of the Blue Anchor Inn in south Lancashire, he was arrested by priest hunters, and imprisoned for his vocation. He decided to let the court prove the charge rather than help them with a confession, replying, "Would that I were worthy of being a priest!" When the jury found him guilty of being a Jesuit priest, he exclaimed, "Thanks be to God!" Brought to execution, he prayed for everyone in the kingdom, then said, "Be witnesses with me that I die a constant Roman Catholic and for Christ's sake; let my death be an encouragement to your going forward in the Catholic religion." His confession on the day of his execution was heard by fellow-prisoner Saint John Southworth, and his final words were "Bone Jesu" (O good Jesus).

Born: • 1585 at Haydock, Lancashire, England as Brian Arrowsmith• his confirmation name was Edmund, and he preferred to use it

Died:• hanged, drawn, and quartered on 28 August 1628 at Lancaster, England• his hand is preserved as a relic at Saint Oswald's Church, Ashton-in-Makerfield, England

Canonized: 25 October 1970 by Pope Paul VI as one of the Forty Martyrs of England and Wales

St. Julian of Auvergne



Officer in the imperial Roman army, and a closet Christian. He retired from the army and fled to Auvergne, France during the persecutions of Diocletian. At one point he was hidden by Saint Ferreolus the Tribune. Julian later surrendered to pursuing Christian-hunters, and made a public announcement of his faith. Martyr. At least 80 French townships have some variant of his name.

Born: at Vienne, Dauphiny, Gaul (modern France)

Died: • beheaded near Brionde, Gaul• water from a spring that grew nearby was later believed to cure headaches

- relics enshrined at the monastery of Saint Julian until destroyed by Norse invaders
- the site of the relics became known for miraculous cures, especially in the family of Saint Gregory of Tours, who wrote about them

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