

We dedicate this website to the Generous Heart of Mother Mary



Latin Rite



Mission of Jesus.com

DAILY HIGHLIGHTS, MASS READING, DAILY SAINTS, PRAYERS...

Volume 114, Saturday, March 9, 2019.

Saturday after Ash Wednesday

Today's Bible Readings

Gospel

Gospel

Gospel

IS 58:9B-14

ROM 12:9-21







profitable, service oriented website, This site belongs to

each and every Christian who view this website. This is our 18th Year of Service on the Web. This site is been developed with the help of many of the

About Us

Mission of Jesus, is a Non

Christian Brothers around the world, we do even invite vou Brothers and Sisters in Christ to send us related information about your Testimonials and News letters so that we could add them into our website.

Jesus calls sinners to follow him

Prayer for All Souls

Prayer of St. Gertrude the great dictated by Our Lady to release 1,000 Souls from Purgatory each time it is said. The prayer was extend to include living sinners which would alleviate the indebtedness accrued to them during their lives.

"Eternal Father, I offer Thee the Most precious Blood of Thy Divine Son. Jesus in union with the Masses said throughout the world today, for all the holy Souls in Purgatory, for sinners everywhere, for sinners in the Universal Church, those in my own home and within my family. Amen."

St. Gertrude the Great was born in Germany in 1263. She was a Benedictine Nun, and meditated on the Passion of Christ, which many times brought floods of tears to her eyes. She did many penances, and Our Lady appeared to her many times. Her holy Soul passed away in 1334. November 16 is her Feast Day



Human rights are not only violated by terrorism, repression or assassination, but also by unfair economic structures that creates huge inequalities. Pope Francis

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Meditation:

Syro-Malabar Rite

Syro-Malankara Rite

When your neighbor stumbles through sin or ignorance, do you point the finger to criticize or do you lend a helping hand to lift him or her up? The prophet Isaiah tells us that God repays each in kind. When we bless others, especially those who need spiritual as well as physical and material help, God in turn blesses us.

1st Reading

2nd Reading

1st Reading

1st Reading ROM 3: 21-26

Who do you point the finger at?

When Jesus called a despised tax collector to be his disciple he surprised everyone including Levi (also known as Matthew). The religious leaders were especially upset with Jesus' behavior towards public sinners like Levi. The Jewish people were roughly divided into two groups: the orthodox Jews who rigidly kept the law and all its petty regulations, and the rest who didn't keep all the minute regulations. The orthodox treated the latter like second class citizens. They scrupulously avoided their company, refused to do business with them, refused to give or receive anything from them, refused to intermarry, and avoided any form of friendship with them, including table fellowship. Jesus' association with the latter, especially with tax collectors and public sinners, shocked the sensibilities of these orthodox Jews.

A true physician of body, mind, and soul

When the Pharisees challenged Jesus unorthodox behavior in eating with public sinners, Jesus' defense was quite simple. A doctor doesn't need to treat healthy people - instead he goes to those who are sick. Jesus likewise sought out those in the greatest need. A true physician seeks healing of the whole person - body, mind, and spirit. Jesus came as the divine physician and good shepherd to care for his people and to restore them to walk in your truth. wholeness of life.

The orthodox were so preoccupied with their own practice of religion that they neglected to help the very people who needed the greatest care. Their religion was selfish because they didn't want to have anything to do with people not like themselves. Jesus stated his mission unequivocal terms: I came not to call the righteous, but to call sinners. Ironically the orthodox were as needy as those they despised. All have sinned and fall short of the glory of God (Romans 3:23). Do you thank the Lord for the great mercy he has shown to you? And do you seek the good of all your neighbors and show them mercy and kindness?

Leave all and follow Christ

What does it mean to "leave all and follow the Lord"? Bede the Venerable (673-735 AD), an Anglo -Saxon monk who wrote numerous commentaries on the Scriptures, explains what it meant for Matthew and for us to "follow" as disciples of the Lord Jesus:

"By 'follow' he meant not so much the movement

of feet as of the heart, the carrying out of a way of life. For one who says that he lives in Christ ought himself to walk just as he walked, not to aim at earthly things, not to pursue perishable gains, but to flee base praise, to embrace willingly the contempt of all that is worldly for the sake of heavenly glory, to do good to all, to inflict injuries upon no one in bitterness, to suffer patiently those injuries that come to oneself, to ask God's forgiveness for those who oppress, never to seek one's own glory but always God's, and to uphold the said to him, "Follow me." whatever helps one love heavenly things. This is what is meant by following Christ. In this way, disregarding earthly gains, Matthew attached himself to the band of followers of One who had no riches. For the Lord himself, who outwardly called Matthew by a word, inwardly bestowed upon him

Are you ready to forsake all for the Lord Jesus

the gift of an invisible impulse so that he was able

"Lord Jesus, our Savior, let us now come to you: Our hearts are cold; Lord, warm them with your selfless love. Our hearts are sinful; cleanse them with your precious blood. Our hearts are weak; strengthen them with your joyous Spirit. Our hearts are empty; fill them with your divine possess them always and only for a second only f presence. Lord Jesus, our hearts are yours; yourself." (Prayer of Augustine, 354-430)

Reading 1 IS 58:9B-14

Responsorial Psalm 86: 1-2, 3-4, 5-6

LK 5:27-32

MT 6:9-15

JN 4:46-54

Thus says the LORD: If you remove from your midst oppression, false accusation and malicious speech; If you bestow your bread on the hungry and satisfy the afflicted;

Then light shall rise for you in the darkness, and the gloom shall become for you like midday; Then the LORD will guide you always and give you plenty even on the parched land.

He will renew your strength, and you shall be like a watered garden, like a spring whose water never fails. The ancient ruins shall be rebuilt for your sake,

and the foundations from ages past you shall raise

'Repairer of the breach," they shall call you, "Restorer of ruined homesteads."

If you hold back your foot on the sabbath from following your own pursuits on my holy day; If you call the sabbath a delight, and the LORD's holy day honorable; If you honor it by not following your ways, seeking your own interests, or speaking with malice Then you shall delight in the LORD,

and I will make you ride on the heights of the I will nourish you with the heritage of Jacob, your

father. for the mouth of the LORD has spoken.

Responsorial Psalm

86: 1-2, 3-4, 5-6

R. (11ab) Teach me your way, O Lord, that I may

Incline your ear, O LORD; answer me, for I am afflicted and poor. Keep my life, for I am devoted to you; save your servant who trusts in you. You are my God.

R. Teach me your way, O Lord, that I may walk in

Have mercy on me, O Lord, for to you I call all the day. Gladden the soul of your servant, for to you, O Lord, I lift up my soul. R. Teach me your way, O Lord, that I may walk in

For you, O Lord, are good and forgiving,

in kindness to all who call upon you

😿 Hearken, O LORD, to my prayer and attend to the sound of my pleading. R. Teach me your way, O Lord, that I may walk in

Verse Before The Gospel EZ 33:11

I take no pleasure in the death of the wicked man, says the Lord,

but rather in his conversion, that he may live.

Gospel

Jesus saw a tax collector named Levi sitting at the

LK 5:27-32

customs post. And leaving everything behind, he got up and

Then Levi gave a great banquet for him in his house,

and a large crowd of tax collectors and others were at table with them.

disciples, saying, "Why do you eat and drink with tax collectors and sinners?'

The Pharisees and their scribes complained to his

Jesus said to them in reply, "Those who are healthy do not need a physician, but the sick do.

I have not come to call the righteous to repentance but sinners."

Resources

- Importance of the Mass
- Mystical Stigmata What is Charismatic
- Renewal **◆ The Real Meaning of**
- Christmas • Why should I Confess?

History & Devotion-**Sacred Heart**

- Prayers Prayer
- Novena
- **Holy Rosary Way of the Cross**
- **Holy Mass**
- **Bible**
- **Intercession Prayers**
- & Other Prayers

- **Downloads**
- Divine Songs -Malayalam
- Divine Songs English • Divine Songs - Tamil
- Divine Songs Telugu
- Other Downloads
- **◆ Holy Picture Gallery** Wallpapers

The Bible in one year: **MARCH**

01 Lev 6–7, Isa 61–62, Mark 6:24-45, Ps 31:title-4

02 Lev 8, Isa 63, Mark 6:46-7:11, Ps 31:5–11 03 Lev 9-10, Isa 64, Mark 7:12-

37, Ps 31:12–18 04 Lev 11-12, Isa 65, Mark 8:1-

17, Ps 31:19-24 05 Lev 13, Isa 66, Mark 8:18-38, Ps 32:title-7

06 Lev 14, Jer 1, Mark 9:1–23, Ps 32:8-11 07 Lev 15, Jer 2:1-19, Mark 9:24 -50, Ps 33:1-10

08 Lev 16-17, Jer 2:20-37, Mark 10:1-17, Ps 33:11-17 09 Lev 18, Jer 3, Mark 10:18-38, Ps 33:18-22 10 Lev 19–20, Jer 4:1–17, Mark

10:39-52, Ps 34:title-8 ev 21-22 Jer 4:18-31 Mark 11, Ps 34:9–15 12 Lev 23, Jer 5, Mark 12:1-19, Ps 34:16-22

13 Lev 24, Jer 6:1–16, Mark 12:20-44, Ps 35:title-6 14 Lev 25, Jer 6:17-30, Mark 13:1–18, Ps 35:7–13

15 Lev 26–27, Jer 7, Mark 13:19 -37, Ps 35:14-20 16 Num 1. Jer 8. Mark 14:1–25. Ps 35:21-28

17 Num 2, Jer 9:1–10, Mark 14:26-47, Ps 36:title-6 18 Num 3, Jer 9:11–26, Mark 14:48-72, Ps 36:7-12 19 Num 4, Jer 10, Mark 15:1–18,

Ps 37:title-7 20 Num 5, Jer 11, Mark 15:19-47, Ps 37:8–14

21 Num 6:1–7:26, Jer 12, Mark 16, Ps 37:15-21 22 Num 7:27–89, Jer 13, Luke 1:1-17, Ps 37:22-28

23 Num 8, Jer 14, Luke 1:18-39, Ps 37:29-35 24 Num 9-10, Jer 15, Luke 1:40-60. Ps 37:36-40

25 Num 11-12, Jer 16, Luke 1:61 -80, Ps 38:title-8 26 Num 13, Jer 17:1–10, Luke

2:1-24, Ps 38:9-15 27 Num 14, Jer 17:11–27, Luke 2:25-52, Ps 38:16-22

28 Num 15, Jer 18, Luke 3:1–16, Ps 39:title-6 29 Num 16-17, Jer 19, Luke 3:17

-38, Ps 39:7-13 30 Num 18-19, Jer 20, Luke 4:1-21. Ps 40:title-6

31 Num 20–21, Jer 21:1–22:14, Luke 4:22-44, Ps 40:7-13



Today's

St. Frances of Rome



St. Frances of Rome

to follow."

Frances was born in Rome in 1384. Her parents, of high rank, overruled her desire to become a nun, and when she reached the age of twelve, married her to Lorenzo Ponziano, a Roman noble. During the forty years of their married life they never had a disagreement. While spending her days in retirement and prayer, Saint Frances attended promptly to every household duty, saying, A married woman must leave God at the altar to find Him in her domestic cares. She once found the verse of a psalm, at which she had been four times thus interrupted, completed for her in letters of gold. Her ordinary food was dry bread, and secretly she would exchange with beggars good food for their hard crusts. Two of her children died young. Her son was nine years old when he foretold his father's death wound and his own coming departure for heaven; and then he returned a year later with an Angel whom she saw clearly. He said he had come for his little five year-old sister, that she might be placed among the Angels with him. He left the Angel with her in exchange, to remain always.

During the invasion of Rome in 1413, Lorenzo was banished, his estates confiscated, his house destroyed, and his eldest son taken as a hostage. Frances saw in these losses only the hand of God, and blessed His holy Name. When peace was restored Ponziano recovered his estates, and after her husband's death, Saint Frances founded a Community of Benedictine Oblate nuns. At the age of forty-three, barefoot and with a cord about her neck she asked admission to the community, and was soon elected Superior. She lived at all times in the presence of God, and among many visions was given constant sight of her Angel, who shed such a brightness around him that the Saint could read her midnight Office by this light alone. He shielded her in time of temptation, and directed her in every good act. But when she fell into some fault, he faded from her sight, and whenever any unsuitable words were spoken before her, he covered his face in shame. Saint Frances died on the day she foretold, March 9, 1440.

Reflection. God has appointed for each one of us, to protect us from all evils, a Guardian Angel whose warnings we are bound to heed. Let us listen to his voice here below, and we shall see him hereafter when he leads us before the throne of God.

Died: • 1440 in Rome, Italy • relics at Saint Frances of Rome Church, Rome, Italy • entombed beneath the pavement of the Ponziani sacristy of the Church of Saint Cecilia, Rome, Italy

Born: 1384 in Rome, Italy as Francesca Bussa de' Leoni.

Canonized: 29 May 1608 by Pope Paul V Patronage: • against plague• automobile drivers (given in 1951)• automobilists• aviators• cab drivers• death of children• lay people• motorcyclists•

motorists• people ridiculed for their piety• pilots• Roman housewives• taxi drivers• widows• women• Rome, Italy

St. Dominic Savio



St. Dominic Savio

Saint Dominic Savio was born in Riva di Chieri, Italy, on April 2, 1842. He looked so frail and weak on the morning of his birth that his father rushed him that same evening to the parish church for Baptism. But Dominic survived and began serving Mass when he was five years old, one of his greatest joys. He was often seen at five o'clock in the morning in front of the church on his knees in rain or snow, waiting for the doors to be opened. On the occasion of his First Holy Communion he made the resolution to die rather than sin, as he had frequently expressed his determination and ambition to become a Saint. The village pastor at Mondonio, recognizing in Dominic a soul of predilection, arranged to have him enter Don Bosco's Oratory at Furin. Don Bosco soon noted Dominic's consuming quest for sanctity, and pointed out to the boy that the path to holiness is not necessarily among hair shirts and tortures of the flesh, but in the cheerful bearing and offering of each day's small crosses. Steering the lad away from artificial practices, his loved master showed him that for a soul avid of penance, there is a superabundance to be had for the taking, through acceptance of the monotony and tribulations inseparable from the perfect fulfillment of the duties of one's state of life.

After a few months of life in the environment of the Oratory and under the saintly care of Saint John Bosco, Dominic's soul was fired with the zeal of his master, whose rule of life, Give me souls, Lord; You take the rest, the boy adopted for his own. Following the example of Don Bosco, who in season and out of season sought those souls wherever they were to be found, Dominic also went after them in his own little world. In the Oratory he founded and directed the Immaculate Conception Sodality, a group of boys who by prayer, word and example carried on an apostolate among their classmates and proved to be of valuable assistance to Don Bosco in his work. On one occasion Dominic broke up a vicious duel with stones. Standing between the boy-duelists with dramatic suddenness, he flashed a crucifix and said: This is Friday. Today Christ died for love of us. Can you look at Him and still hate each other?

good friend to all. Don Bosco said of him: His cheerful character and lively disposition made him extremely popular even among those boys who were no great lovers of their faith. His death at his home on March 9, 1857, was sweet and peaceful. Pope Pius XII canonized him in June, 1954.

Reflection. Death rather than sin! That cry from the soul of Dominic is now, thanks to Don Bosco, resounding across the rude battlefields of teen-age

When Dominic's health began to fail he was forced to leave the Oratory. Don Bosco and the boys were very sorry to see him leave; he had been a

purity, seeking echoes in young and generous hearts.

St. Catherine of Bologna



St. Catherine of Bologna

Canonized: 22 May 1712 by Pope Clement XI

Born to the nobility of Bologna, Italy, the daughter of a diplomat. Tradition says her father received a vision telling him of her birth. Maid of honour to the daughter of a marquis, receiving the same training and education as her mistress. Franciscan tertiary at age 14. Poor Clare nun. Novice mistress. Established a Poor Clare convent at Bologna, Italy in 1456, and served as its abbess. Miracle worker. Prophetess. Mystic. Visionary. Painter and manuscript illuminator. Received a Christmas Day vision of Jesus cradled in Mary's arms.

occurring near her grave, and the odor of perfume that came from it body found incorrupt currently resides in the cell in which she lived

Born: 8 September 1413 at Bologna, Italy as Caterina dei Vigri Died: 9 March 1463 at Bologna, Italy of natural causes buried without a coffin or embalming exhumed eighteen days later due to the miracles

Patronage: • against temptations• art• artists• Bologna Academy of Art• liberal arts• painters

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