

Week in Ordinary time Daily Prayer This Week	receiving a worse sentence of being thrown into prison and given a costlyGospelfine as well.Jesus will set us free and fill us withJesus said to the cro "When you see a clo	ud rising in the west 12 Job 10–11, Zech 9, Eph 6, Ps	
	We all stand in need of God's mercy, it does; and when you notion the south	e that the wind is blowing from 13 Job 12–13, Zech 10, Phil 1:1– 18, Ps 116:11–19 14 Job 14–15, Zech 11, Phil 1:19	
Prayer Before Mas	is our physician and healer and he is You hypocrites!	15 Job 16–17, Zech 12–13, Phil 2, Ps 118:1–10 16 Job 18–19, Zech 14, Phil 3,	
Prayer After Mas	<b>patterns of thinking, acting, and</b> earth and the sky;	Ps 118:11–17 Ps 118:11–17 17 Job 20, Mal 1–2, Phil 4, Ps 118:18–24 18 Job 21–22, Mal 3, Col 1, Ps	
Visit		lge for yourselves what is right? 118:25–29 with your opponent before a 19 Job 23–25, Mal 4, Col 2, Ps 119:1–10	
Our Website	m allow the Lord Jesus to transform judge, and the judge hand	ttle the matter on the way; 20 Job 26–27, 1 Macc 1:1–28,   conent will turn you over to the Col 3:1–14, Ps 119:11–17   21 Job 28–29, 1 Macc 1:29–48, Col 3:15–4:18, Ps 119:18–24   you over to the constable, Col 3:15–4:18, Ps 119:18–24	
Web Radio	your work, your relationships, and possessions so that he may truly be until you have paid		
Face book Mission of Jesus	from him? "Lord Jesus, flood my heart with your love and free me from all that would	1 Thess 5, Ps 119:46–52 26 Job 37, 1 Macc 3:1–15, 2 Thess 1, Ps 119:53–59 27 Job 38–39, 1 Macc 3:16–35, 2 Thess 2, Ps 119:60–66 28 Job 40, 1 Macc 3:36–60, 2	
WhatsApp group Mission Prayer (+918281778684)	keep me from doing your will. Transform my mind that I may discern what is right and choose what is good A and pleasing to you."	28 J0b 40, 1 Macc 3:30–60, 2 Thess 3, Ps 119:67–73 30 Prov 1–2, 1 Macc 4:17–36, 1 Tim 3, Ps 119:81–87 31 Prov 3–4, 1 Macc 4:37–61, 1 Tim 4, Ps 119:88–9401 Jdth 14–	
Prayer requests to Email: mojcounselor@gmail.co			
Today's Saints St. Evaristus   St. Evaristus Saint Evaristus succeeded Saint Anacletus on the throne of Saint Peter, elected during the second general persecution, under the reign of Domitia That emperor no doubt did not know that the Christian pontificate was being perpetuated in the shadows of the catacombs. The text of the Lib Pontificalis, says of the new pope:			
	Evaristus, born in Greece of a Jewish father named Juda, originally from the city of Bethlehem, reigned for thirteen years, six months and two days under the reigns of Domitian, Nerva and Trajan, from the Consulate of Valens and Veter (96) until that of Gallus and Bradua (108). This pontiff divided among the priests the titles of the city of Rome. By a constitution he established seven deacons who were to assist the bishop and serve as authentic vitnesses for him. During the three ordinations which he conducted in the month of December, he promoted six priests, two deacons and five bishops destined for various churches. Evaristus received the crown of martyrdom. He was buried near the body of Blessed Peter in the Vatican, on the sixth lay of the Calends of November (October 25, 108). The episcopal throne remained vacant for nineteen days.		
	The Bollandists explain two passages of this text as follows: Saint Anacletus had ordained twenty-five priests for the city of Rome; Saint Evaristus completed this institution by settling the boundaries of each of these titles, and filling the vacancies which probably occurred during the persecution on Diocletian. As for the decree by which he ordains that seven deacons make up the cortege of the bishop, we find in the first epistle of Saint Anacletus a text which helps us to grasp and better perceive the discipline of the early Church. There existed amid the diverse elements which composed it in its irst years, proud minds, envious souls, ambitious hearts which could not bear the yoke of obedience, and who by their revolts and incessant letraction fatigued the patience of the Apostles. The deacons were to be the Pope's guards against their ill-intentioned projects.		
	was at the same time as Saint Ignatius, the illustrious bishop of Antioch, that Pope Saint Evaristus gave his life by martyrdom. The acts of his nartyrdom are lost, but we perceive that the same faith, heroism and devotion united the churches of the East and of the West. He is ofter apresented with a sword because he was decapitated, or with a crib, because it is believed that he was born in Bethlehem, from which his father and a sword because he was decapitated, or with a crib, because it is believed that he was born in Bethlehem, from which his father and a sword because he was decapitated, or with a crib, because it is believed that he was born in Bethlehem, from which his father and the system of the second because he was decapitated.		
	Reflection: The disciples of the apostles, by assiduous meditation on heavenly things, seemed no longer to inhabit this world. If Christians esteem and set their hearts or animated by the spirit of the primitive Saints and have become children of this world, do not correct this disorder of our heart and conform our interior life, with its decision His promises.	earthly goods and lose sight of eternity, they are no longe slaves to its vanities and to their own irregular passions. If w	
St. Alfred the Great	St. Alfred the Great		

King of Wessex, scholar, and renowned Christian monarch. Alfred was born in 849, the fifth son of the Wessex king. During a journey to Rome in 853, he was accepted as a godson by Pope Leo IV. He was a great scholar, translating classics for his people, and early on seemed destined for a career in the Church. Instead, he became king and was forced to spend most of his reign in conflict with the Danes who were then threatening England. His work as a patron of the arts, literature, and especially the Church made him a beloved figure in England.



Feastday: October 26

Birth: 848 at Wantage, Berkshire, England

Death: 26 October 899 of natural causes

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